



Operating Instructions

Electronic preselection counter NE210

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06.05 171.02.154/3

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General Information

In the following you will find the explanations of the symbols used in this operating manual.

Explanation of symbols

- ➔ This symbol indicates activities to be carried out.
- This symbol indicates supplementary technical information.



This symbol is located before texts to which particular attention is to be paid to ensure proper use of the product.



This symbol is located before texts that provide important additional information.

Italics

Important terms in the left text column are printed in italics to help you find information more quickly.

1 Safety instructions

1.1 General information

The products has been developed and built in accordance with the recognized rules of technology. The units have left the manufacturing plant ready to operate and in safe condition. To keep the units in this condition, it is necessary that the units be installed and operated

- properly,
- in a safety and hazard-conscious manner,
- under observance of this operating manual and in particular of these safety precautions!

Make sure that the personnel has read and understood the operating manual, and in particular the "Safety Instructions" chapter. In addition to the operating manual, the generally applicable legal and other binding regulations for accident prevention and environmental protection must be observed and ensured.

1.2 Proper use

The application of the units consists of controlling and monitoring industrial processes in the metal, wood, plastics, paper, glass and textile industry etc.

- The units may only be operated
- in the properly installed state and
 - in accordance with the specifications of the technical data!



Operation not covered by the specified descriptions/parameters is improper and can lead to

- fatal injuries,
- serious damage to health,
- property damage or
- damage to the units

in conjunction with the systems/machines/processes to be controlled/monitored!



The overvoltages to which the units are subjected at the connection terminals must be limited to the value of the overvoltage category II (see Technical data)!

The units may not be operated

- in hazardous areas,
- as medical units,
- in applications expressly named in EN 61010!



If the units are used to control/monitor machines or processes with which, as the result of a failure/malfunction or incorrect operation of the units

- a life-threatening danger,
 - health risks or
 - a danger of property or environmental damage
- could result, then appropriate safety precautions must be taken!
-

Do not open the housing of the units or make any changes to it!

Tampering with the units can have a negative affect on their operating safety, resulting in dangers!

Do not make repairs on the units! Return defective units to the manufacturer!

1.3 Installation/commissioning

In case of changes (including in the operating behavior) that impair safety, shut-down the units immediately.

Installation may only be carried out in accordance with the procedure described in Chapter 3 "Counter connecting".

During installation work on the units, the power supply must always be disconnected. Installation work may only be carried out by appropriately trained experts.

Max. voltage 250 V terminal - terminal, ground - terminal.

Following proper assembly and installation, the units are ready for operation. Following commissioning, familiarize yourself with the use of the units in Chapter 4 "Operating mode".

1.4 Maintenance/repairs

Always disconnect the power supply of all units involved. Maintenance and repair work may only be carried out by appropriately trained experts.

If troubleshooting is unsuccessful, do not continue to use the units. Please contact the manufacturer in this case.



2 Getting to know the counter

The counter is an electronic, microprocessor-based presetting counter. It can also be programmed to function as a:

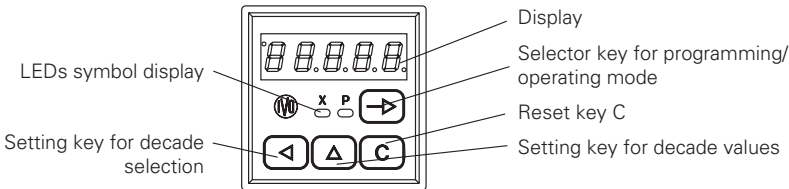
- Time counter with various timescale options
- Time delay relay with four operating modes

Parameters/LED display

- Current main counter
- Preset value
- Scaling factor

Control panel

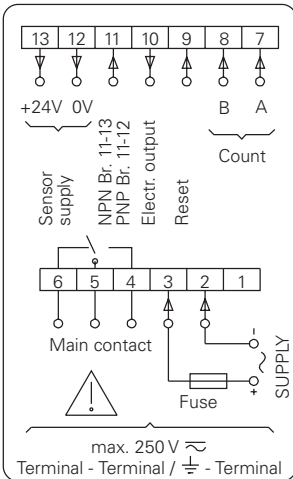
- Selector key for programming/operating mode
- Reset key C
- Setting key for decade values
- Setting key for decade selection



3 Counter connection

This section describes the terminal assignments, accompanied by an example of a typical connection. Sections 3.1 to 3.5 contain specific instructions and technical data relating to the individual terminals.

Connection example



Terminal	Function
1	Not assigned
2	Power supply
3	Power supply
4	1 Signal output - relay contact
5	
6	
7	Track A
8	Track B
9	Reset by external signal
10	Electronic output (choice of PNP or NPN logic)
11	Coding input for input logic
12	Sensor supply (0 V)
13	Sensor supply (+24 V)



For protection against shock hazards as specified in VDE 0411 part 100, stranded conductors may only be connected using wire end ferrules with insulating caps. Terminals which are not assigned in the factory must not be otherwise assigned by the user. We recommend shielding all encoder connecting leads and earthing the shield at one end. Earthing at both ends is recommended to avoid RF interference or if equipotential bonding conductors are installed over long distances. Encoder connecting leads should not be laid in the same trunking as the mains power supply cable and output contact leads.

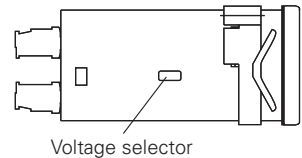
3.1 Connecting the power supply

AC voltage connection

Power supply AC voltage	Recommended external fusing
24V ±10% 50/60 Hz	M 400 mA
48V ±10% 50/60 Hz	M 400 mA
115V ±10% 50/60 Hz	M 125 mA
230V +6/ -10 % 50/60 Hz	M 125 mA

It is possible to switch between two different alternating voltage ratings (see adjoining table) by means of the voltage selector switch at the side of the unit. The higher of the two alternating voltage ratings (48V or 230V) is preset by the factory.

- Set the required alternating voltage with the voltage selector switch.
- Connect the alternating voltage supply to terminals 2 and 3 in accordance with the counter wiring diagram.



DC voltage connection

Power supply AC voltage	Recommended external fusing
24 V ±10 % approx. 5 % RW	M 400 mA

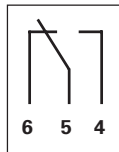
Connect an interference-free power supply, i.e. do not use it for the parallel connection of drive systems, contactors, solenoid valves, etc.

- Connect the DC voltage in accordance with the counter wiring diagram.



Fire protection: Operate the instrument using the recommended external fusing indicated in the terminal diagram. VDE 0411 specifies that 8A/150 VA(W) must never be exceeded in the event of a fault.

3.2 Assignment signal output „relay contact“



Terminals 4, 5 and 6 form a no-potential changeover contact, which can be assigned as a pulse or continuous contact in accordance with the adjoining wiring diagram.

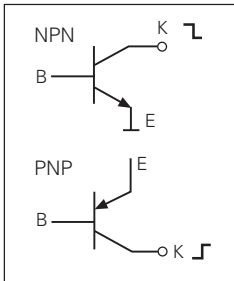
Implementation as a pulse or continuous signal is effected via DIP-switch 2 and in the programming mode, line 12 (see 3.6). The pulse time is programmed in the programming mode, line 2.

Max. switching	Max. switching	Max. switching
output 150 VA/30 W	voltage 250 V	current 1A



The user is responsible for ensuring that a switching load of 8A/150 VA (W) is not exceeded in the event of a fault. Internal spark suppression by means of two zinc oxide varistors (275 V). The output relays of the instrument (1 relay or several) may only be disengaged in total 5 x per minute at the most. Admissible clicks according to interference suppression standard EN 55011 EN 50081-2 for the industrial sector. In case of a higher switching rate, the operator must take care of interference suppression on the spot and under his own responsibility by observing the load to be switched.

→ Assign terminals 4, 5 and 6 (relay contact outputs) accordingly.



3.3 Assignment electronic output

The electronic output (terminal 10) is pre-programmed by the factory as an NPN or PNP switching transistor (open collector) in accordance with the purchase order specification. The output is coded as a pulse or continuous signal at DIP-switch 2.

Output logic	Max. switching voltage	Max. switching current
NPN	+35 V	50 mA
PNP	+12...+24 VDC with AC power supply load-dependent	10 mA with AC power 50 mA with DC power



The electronic output is not short-circuit proof.

→ Assign terminal 10 accordingly.

3.4 Assignment signal input

Terminals 7, 8 and 9 are AC optocoupler inputs. Terminals 7 (track A) and 8 (track B) are pulse inputs for the counting function. Terminal 9 is the external reset input.

Terminal	Input resistance	Starting current	Breaking current
7, 8	1.65 k Ω	> 9 mA, < 16 mA	< 0.5 mA
9	3.3 k Ω	> 5 mA, < 8 mA	< 0.5 mA



The counter is reset by applying an external signal (signal width ≥ 30 ms) at terminal 9 (see part 5, programming line 7).

→ Assign terminals 7, 8 and 9 accordingly.

The maximum counting frequency is set via DIP-switch 3 (see 3.6). For suitable pulse generators, see the encoder Catalogue.



Programming input logic The signal input logic can be programmed by means of a bridge between terminals 11, 12 and 13, in accordance with the table below.

To be used	Encoder signals	Terminal assignments
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - If the pulse generator is not supplied by the encoder power supply from the counter. - If the pulse generator has a push-pull or PNP output stage. - If several counters are triggered in parallel by a single pulse generator. 	<p>PNP, triggered by a plus signal.</p>	<p>11 and 12</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - If the pulse generator has an NPN output stage. - If a NAMUR encoder is connected. 	<p>NPN, triggered by a minus signal.</p>	<p>11 and 13</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - In conjunction with a max. 24 VAC power supply. 	<p>Alternating voltage input; 7, 8 and 9, triggered by max. 24 VAC.</p>	



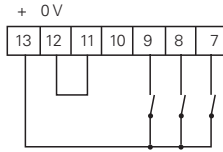
Electrical isolation is provided for instruments with an AC power supply and a relay output without electronic signal output in the case of an external sensor supply.



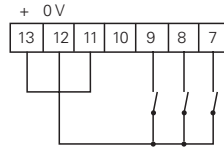
3.4.1 Typical connections

Triggering by no-potential contacts.

Plus actuated

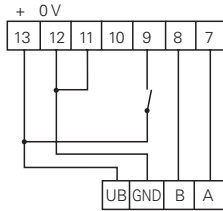


Zero actuated

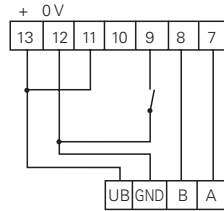


Triggering by incremental rotary encoders.

PNP or push-pull

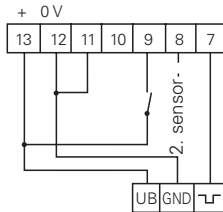


NPN or push-pull

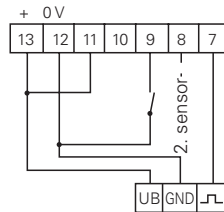


Triggering by proximity switches.

PNP or push-pull



NPN or push-pull



3.5 Connecting the sensor supply



Connect the sensor supply at terminals 12 and 13. Do not use the sensor supply to supply non-earthed inductive or capacitive loads.



The sensor supply is not short-circuit proof.

Terminal	Voltage	Max. residual ripple	Max. permissible current
12	0V	–	–
13	+24 VDC +10 %/-50 %	depending on load	50 mA



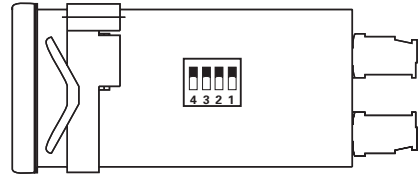
DIP	Position	Effect
1	OFF	Adding mode
1	ON	Subtracting mode
2	OFF	Automatic reset with pulse signal
2	ON	External reset with cont. signal
3	OFF	Counting frequency 10 kHz
3	ON	Counting frequency 15 Hz
4	OFF	Programming disabled (for operating mode see part 4)
4	ON	Programming enabled (for programming mode see part 5)

3.6 Establishing basic settings (DIP-switches)

The basic settings are established by means of DIP-switches, the positions and effects of which are described below. The DIP-switches are located on one side of the counter housing, together with a setting diagram.



Dip-switch:
 1 Count mode
 2 Reset
 3 Count speed
 4 Programming



→ Set DIP-switches as required before installing the unit.

● All switches are set to OFF by the factory before delivery.

3.6.1 Setting operating modes (DIP-switch 1)

Adding mode

DIP-switch 1 OFF



The counter adds from zero to the preselected number. An external, manual or automatic reset causes the counter to revert to zero or to the programmed start count value.

Subtracting mode

DIP-switch 1 ON



The counter subtracts from a preselected number to zero or to the programmed start count value. An external, manual or automatic reset causes the counter to revert to the preselected number.



For details of totalizing, up/down and differential counting, see 5.1.

3.6.2 Setting the counting frequency (DIP-switch 3)



Application	Max. counting setting	DIP-switch 3 setting
Sensor with electronic output	10 kHz	OFF
Triggering via contacts; microswitches AC voltages	15 kHz	ON



In the case of two counting signals, phase offset by 90° and with fourfold evaluation, the maximum counting frequency reduces to 5 kHz.

3.7 Executing the test routine

The test routine is described below.

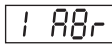
- To start test* → Press the **[A]** and **[C]** keys simultaneously.
 → Switch the counter on.
- All the display segments will be displayed automatically in sequence and are thereby tested for functional capability.

Test repeat If you wish to repeat the test:
 → Press the **[A]** key.

Test extension Other counter functions can be tested:
 → Press the **[▶]** key again.



No machine functions may be connected when the outputs are tested.



Testing of inputs A and B and reset input R.

- Inputs can be triggered simultaneously or individually. A display is only provided when a signal is applied.



Output test



The output is now activated. Reset the output with the **[C]** key.



Testing of DIP-switches in accordance with ON/OFF settings. The settings and functions of the DIP-switches can be changed while the test is in progress.

End of test The test routine is now terminated.

4 Operating mode

The operation and use of the counter are described in this section.

- As soon as the power supply has been switched on, the counter is automatically set to the operating mode.

Operating mode In the operating mode:

- the current counter status can be read and reset;
- the input preset value can be read and changed, provided this is enabled in the programming mode (line 5);
- the scaling factor can be read and changed, provided this is enabled in the programming mode (line 5);

All the parameters can be disabled in the programming mode.



Counter status

The current counter status is displayed in the operating mode; no keying is necessary.



→ Read the counter status display.

To reset

Resetting must be enabled in the programming mode (line 6).

→ Press the **(C)** key.

Preset value

Functions relating to the preset value must be enabled in the programming mode (line 5).



→ Press the **(→)** key.

→ Read of preset value.

To change

→ Hold down the **(◀)** key until the decade position you require to change flashes.

→ Hold down the **(▲)** key until the required number within the flashing decade is reached.



If a key is not operated within 15 seconds, the current counter status will automatically be re-displayed.

To store

→ Press the **(→)** key.



The preset value can be changed during counting. This function must be enabled in the programming mode (line 4).

- If a value is disabled in the operating mode, it will be skipped and the next value displayed.

Scaling factor

Scaling factor functions must be enabled in the programming mode (line 5).





→ Press the **(→)** key.

→ Read off the scaling factor.



The scaling factor is an adjustable multiplier, whereby the ingoing counting pulses are multiplied. The scaling factor can be adjusted within the range from 0.001 to 99.999. The result of the multiplication is shown in the display. Only whole-number values are displayed. The remainder of the value is added to the next calculation in each case.



- To change* → Hold down the  key until the decade position you require to change flashes.
- Hold down the  key until the required number within the flashing decade is reached.



If a key is not operated within 15 seconds, the current counter status will automatically be re-displayed.

- To store* → Press the  key.

5 Programming mode

This section describes the procedure for programming the counter.

Programming mode Operating parameters are set in the programming mode, which is subdivided into two programming segments, i.e. PRO 0 and PRO 1. Both segments are described below in their actual order.

- To access programming* → Set DIP-switch 4 to „ON“.
- Programming of the desired operating parameter is now enabled.

Keying

Key operation is the same in both the PRO 0 and PRO 1 programming segments.

Key

- Function 1* Transfer to the next operating parameter in the programming segment.
- Function 2* Accept and acknowledge new value.

Key

- Function* Select first or next decade position.
This will now be displayed flashing.

Key

- Function* When this key is pressed, the display for the decade position concerned runs from 0 to 9 or to the maximum setting value. When the required number is reached, release the key.

Key

- Function* In the case of the preset value, pulse time and start count value, the display is reset to zero when this key is pressed.



Programming segment PRO 0

Information on changing the counter status, preset value and scaling factor can also be found in part 4.

Pro 0

→ Press the key again.

29000

Current counter status

100

Preset value

1000

Scaling factor

Programming segment PRO 1

Pro 1

In programming segment PRO 1, 12 programming lines are displayed in succession.



Default settings are always printed with * .

Line 1

1 0

Decimal point

- 0 * 99999
- 1 9999.9
- 2 999.99
- 3 99.999

Line 2

2 0.25

Pulse signal time in seconds (s); adjustable from 0.02 s to 9.99 s.

- 0 No output signal
- 1 * 0.25 s
- 2 max. 9.99 s
- DIP-switch 2 activates pulse contact of continuous contact.

Line 3

3 0

Counting mode (see 5.1)

- 0 * Track A and UP / DOWN signal on track B
- 1 Track A and STOP signal on track B
- 2 Differential counting, track A adding, track B subtracting (A-B)
- 3 Totalizing, tracks A and B adding (A+B)
- 4 Track A 90° phase offset to track B, single evaluation
- 5 Track A 90° phase offset to track B, twofold evaluation
- 6 Track A 90° phase offset to track B, fourfold evaluation
- 7 Time counter with preset
- 8 Time delay relay function

Line 4

4 0

Accept preset value

- 0 * In the case of automatic, external or manual reset
- 1 Effective immediately with acknowledgement.



Line 5


5 0

Function enabled in operating mode

- 0 * Changing of preset value only enabled
- 1 Changing of scaling factor only enabled
- 2 Changing of preset value and scaling factor enabled
- 3 Changing of preset value and scaling factor disabled

Line 6

6 0

Reset key , function enabled in operating mode

- 0 * Reset key  activated
- 1 Reset key  disabled

Line 7

7 0

Reset input function

- 0 * Counting stop activated during external reset signal.
- 1 Differentiating reset signal effective with signal edge, no counting stop.

Line 8

8 0

Start count value 0-999

- 0 * Start count value 0
- 999 Any start count value from 0 - 999
- DIP-switch 1 OFF: output set to preset value
- DIP-switch 1 ON: output set to start count value

Line 9

9 0

Time scale and resolution

- 0 * 999 s 99/100 s
- 1 99 min 59 s 9/10 s
- 2 999 min 59 s
- 3 999 h 59 min
- Only applicable to use as a time counter or time delay relay.

Line 10

10 0

Time delay relay cycle

- 0 * Operating mode 1: ON delay
- 1 Operating mode 2: Hold time without stop (can be re-triggered)
- 2 Operating mode 3: Decay delay
- 3 Operating mode 4: Hold time with stop

Line 11

11 0

Output signal logic

- 0 * Normal output signal logic
- 1 Inverted output signal logic
- In the inverted output logic mode, the outputs are activated when the power supply is switched on and drop out on preset.



Line 12

12 0

Output signal function

- 0 * As DIP - switch 2
- 1 External reset but without pulse signal

To leave the programming mode → Set DIP-switch 4 to „OFF“ .

To reprogram the counter to the default settings → Press an hold the  and  keys before switching the instrument on.



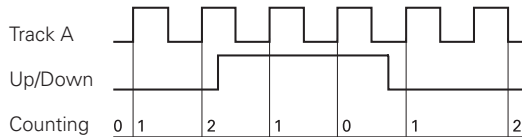
Programming lines

Line	Default settings	Customer's program	Description
	Pro 0		Separating line
	0		Current counter status
	100		Preset value
	1000		Scaling factor
	Pro 1		Separating line
01	1 0	1	Decimal point
02	2 0.25	2	Pulse signal time
03	3 0	3	Counting mode
04	4 0	4	Accept preset value
05	5 0	5	Function enabled in operating mode
06	6 0	6	Reset key, function enabled in operating mode
07	7 0	7	Reset input function
08	8 0	8	Start count value 0-999
09	9 0	9	Timescale and resolution
10	10 0	10	Time delay relay cycle
11	11 0	11	Output signal logic
12	12 0	12	Output signal function

5.1 Counting modes (Input modes)

This counter is able to count in either direction. The counting direction is independent of the selected adding or subtracting operating mode. The exceptions to this are counting with one counting track A, counting stop input on track B, and totalizing.

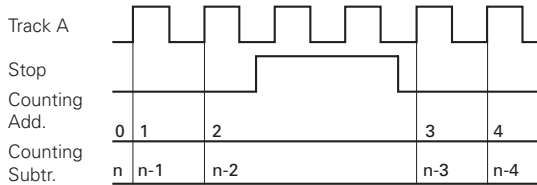
Up/down counting with one counting track A and an external up/down signal on track B





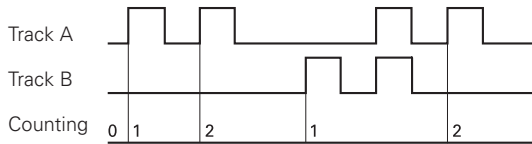
Counting with one counting track A and counting stop input on track B

The operating mode and consequent counting direction are selected with DIP-switch 1.



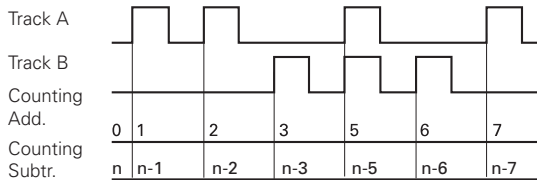
Differential counting, track A adding, track B subtracting (A-B)

Any signal duration and time.



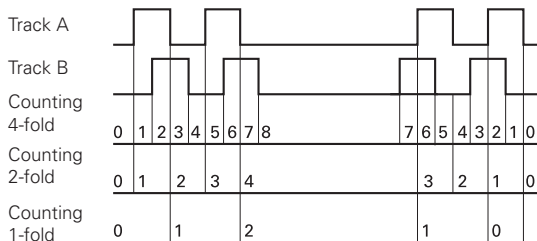
Totalizing, tracks A and B adding (A+B)

The operating mode and consequent counting direction are selected with DIP-switch 1.



Up/down counting with two counting signals, phase-offset by 90 degrees

The counting direction is automatically identified from the leading/lagging 90° phase offset. The internal phase discriminator performs the necessary evaluation. Twofold or fourfold evaluation is possible. Automatic up or down counting can also be obtained with pulse generators which are not provided with evaluating electronics and do not deliver a counting signal with the related counting direction signal.





Using the counter as a time counter with preset

Function The time counter with reset is used to control maintenance intervals, mixing times, etc. Use of the counter as a time counter is established in programming line 3. The four timescales are selected in programming line 9. The decimal point is set automatically. The operating mode and consequent counting direction are selected with DIP-switch 1. Resetting with a pulse signal or continuous signal is effected with DIP-switch 2.

Start input Track A (terminal 7) in time counting mode

Stop input Track B (terminal 8) in time counting mode

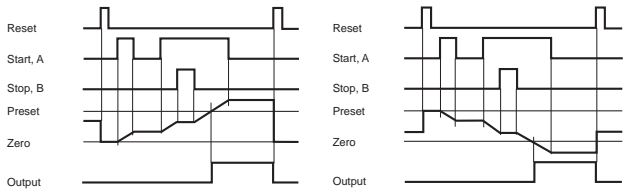


The value programmed in programming line 1 remains ineffective.

The diagrams below show the output responses as a function of the signal inputs.

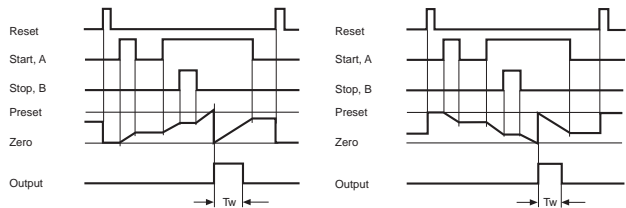
External reset with continuous signal

DIP-switch 2 ON



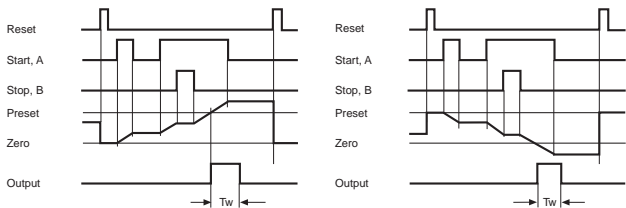
Automatic reset with pulse signal

DIP-switch 2 OFF



External reset with pulse signal

DIP-switch 2 ON and Line 12 on 1





Using the counter as a time delay relay

Function Use of the counter as a time delay relay is established in programming line 3. The four timescales are selected in programming line 9. The four operating modes are selected in programming line 10. The internal counting sequence takes place adding in all the operating modes, irrespective of the positions of the DIP-switches.

Start input Track A in time delay relay mode

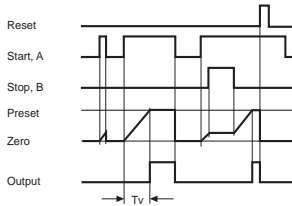
Stop output Track B in time delay relay mode



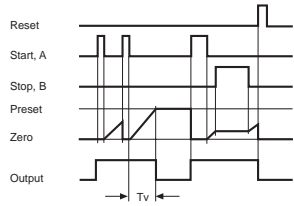
The values programmed in lines 1, 2 and 8 remain ineffective.

The diagrams below depict the output responses as a function of the signal input.

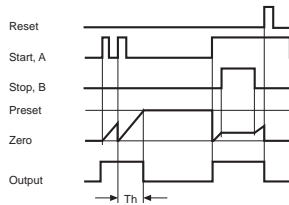
**Operating mode 1:
ON delay**



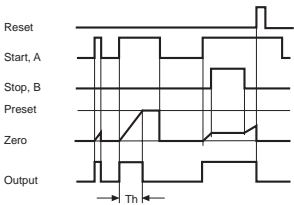
**Operating mode 3: Hold
time without discontinuation**



**Operating mode 2:
Drop-out delay**



**Operating mode 4: Hold
time with discontinuation**



All the diagram patterns begin when the counter is switched on. The reset signal completely resets a time delay relay cycle in progress.



5.2 Output responses (output mode)

Signal output response is determined by the following:

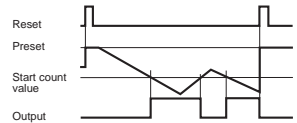
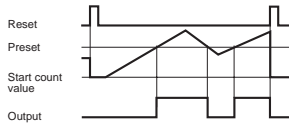
- Operating mode selected on DIP-switch 1
- Reset mode selected on DIP-switch 2
- Programming of the preset value, start count value, output time, output signal logic and output signal function;
- External resetting;
- External counting direction control.

The diagrams below show the output signal responses.

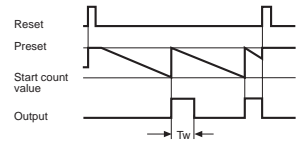
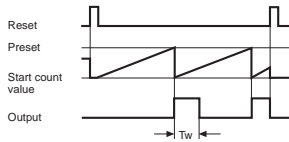
Adding operating mode

Subtracting operating mode

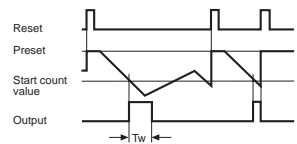
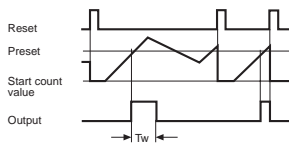
External reset with continuous signal



Automatic reset with pulse signal



External reset with pulse signal



5.3 Counter overrun response

Counter overrun in minus range

The minus counting range is 0 to -9999. If -9999 is exceeded, the counter is automatically reset to zero.

Counter overrun in plus range

The plus counting range is 0 to 199999. If 100000 is exceeded, prefix zero suppression is cut out and the LED X flashes, indicating the overrun. If 199999 is exceeded, the counter is automatically reset to 100000.



6 Technical data

Electrical data

Supply voltage	115 ± 10 % / 230 VAC +6/-10 % (50 / 60 Hz) 24 / 48 VAC ± 10 % (50 / 60 Hz) 24 VDC ± 10 %, 5 % residual ripple
Power consumption	5.5 VA, 4.5 W
Sensor supply	12...26 VDC / 50 mA
Signal inputs (Optocoupler inputs)	Count input A / B - control current 9...16 mA - breaking current < 0.5 mA - input resistance 1.65 kOhm Reset input - control current 5...8 mA - breaking current < 0.5 mA - input resistance 3.3 kOhm Can be coded as PNP / NPN via wire jumper to screw terminal Adjustable to 15 Hz, 10 kHz via DIP
Input counting rate	Programmable as momentary or permanent signals; Impulse time can be programmed 0.01...9.99 s, tolerance: +0.01s
Signal outputs	1 float. relay as changeover contact Internal spark quenching Relay can be programmed in inverted output logic
Relay signal outputs	Max. switching voltage 250 VAC/110 VDC Max. switching power 1 A Max. switching capacity 150 VA/30 W
Electronic output	NPN switching transistor - Max. switching voltage +35 V - Max. switching power 50 mA PNP switching transistor - Max. swit. voltage 12...24 VDC With AC, depending on load - Max. swit. power 50 mA, for DC - Max. swit. power 10 mA, for AC
Reset	Manual, electr. or automatically
Data storage	> 10 years via EEPROM
Operation modes	Adding or subtracting via DIP-switch

Mechanical data

Display	7-segment LED-display 5-digit display of real value, 7.6 mm high Programmable decimal point Display suppression of preceding zeroes - Minus sign for negative values
Operation, keypad	Front membrane with short-stroke keys
Front dimensions	DIN housing 48 x 48 mm
Mounting	Front panel with clip frame
Weight	AC: approx. 260 g DC: approx. 140 g
Connection	Plug-in screw terminals Grid 5.08 mm
Core cross-section	Max. 1.5 mm ²
Housing material	Macrolon 6485 (PC) black, UL 94V-0
Keypad membrane material	Polyester



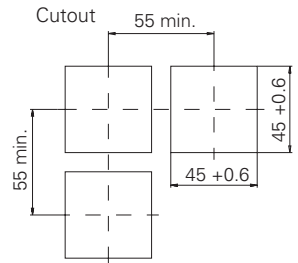
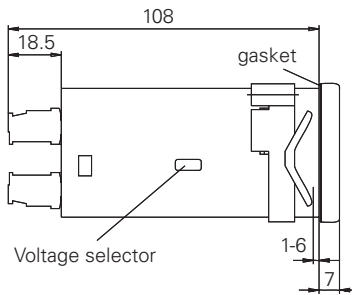
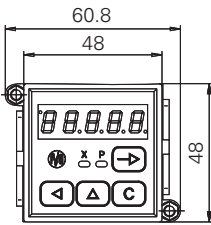
Ambient conditions

Ambient temperature 0...+50 °C
 Storage temperature -20...+70 °C
 Relative humidity Max. relative humidity 80 %, at 25 °C, non-condensing

Protection Front IP 65 to DIN 40050
 General rating EN 61010 Part 1
 - Protection standard II
 - Overvolt. protection categ. II
 - Contamination factor 2

Interference immunity DIN EN 61000-6-2
 Emitted interference DIN EN 61000-6-3
 Approvals UL-/cUL-Approvals

6.1 Dimensions





6.2 Default settings

The following parameters are programmed into the counter by the factory prior to delivery:

Preset value	01000
Pulse contact time	0.25 s
Scaling factor	01.000
Start count value	00000
Display	No decimal point
Inputs	Track A and UP/DOWN
Change of preset	Enabled
Change of preset	Effective after reset
C-key	Activated

6.3 Error messages

Err 1 and **Err 2**: Fault must be rectified by the factory.

Err 7: Counting frequency above 10 kHz.

Err 8: After a power cut; the counter status display may be erroneous.

- Error messages **Err 7** and **Err 8** can be cleared with the **C** key.

7 Order designation

Order no.	Output
1	With relay (electrical isolation)
2	With relay, signal output PNP
3	With relay, signal output NPN
4	Without relay, signal output PNP
5	Without relay, signal output NPN
Supply voltage	
1	Voltage 24/48 VAC
2	Voltage 115/230 VAC
3	Voltage 24 VAC

NE210.0 AXA1





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